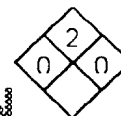


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Page 883

AMERADA HESS CORPORATION

NFPA 704
see Section 16

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel**MSDS No. 9908**

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT and COMPANY INFORMATION (rev. Feb-98)

Amerada Hess Corporation
1 Hess Plaza
Woodbridge, NJ 07095-0961

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER (24 hrs): **CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300**
COMPANY CONTACT (business hours): Corporate Safety (732) 750-6000

SYNONYMS:

Tax-exempt Diesel Fuel

SEE SECTION 16 FOR ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS.

2. COMPOSITION and INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (rev. Sep-98)

INGREDIENT NAME	EXPOSURE LIMITS	CONCENTRATION
		PERCENT BY WEIGHT
Diesel Fuel	OSHA PEL-TWA: 5 mg/m, as mineral oil mist	100
CAS NUMBER: 68476-34-6	ACGIH TLV-TWA: 1997 NOIC- 100 mg/m ³ , skin, A3	
Naphthalene	OSHA PEL: 10 ppm	Typically < 0.01
CAS NUMBER: 91-20-3	ACGIH TLV-TWA/STEL: 10 / 15 ppm, A4	

A complex mixture of hydrocarbons with carbon numbers in the range C9 and higher, a multifunctional additive, and red dye.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (rev. Feb-98)

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

CAUTION!

OSHA/NFPA COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID - SLIGHT TO MODERATE IRRITANT - EFFECTS CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM - HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED

Moderate fire hazard. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. May cause moderate eye irritation and skin irritation (rash). Long-term, repeated exposure may cause skin cancer.

If ingested, do NOT induce vomiting, as this may cause chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs).

EYES

Contact with liquid or vapor may cause mild irritation.

SKIN

May cause skin irritation with prolonged or repeated contact. Practically non-toxic if absorbed following acute (single) exposure. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are repeatedly exposed.

INGESTION

The major health threat of ingestion occurs from the danger of aspiration (breathing) of liquid drops into the lungs, particularly from vomiting. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia (fluid in the lungs), severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death.

Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal disturbances, including irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea, and central nervous system (brain) effects similar to alcohol intoxication. In severe cases, tremors, convulsions, loss of consciousness, coma, respiratory arrest, and death may occur.

INHALATION

Excessive exposure may cause irritations to the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract. Central nervous system (brain) effects may include headache, dizziness, loss of balance and coordination, unconsciousness, coma, respiratory failure, and death.

Revision Date: 9/3/98

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Page 1 of 17

7327587175

PAGE 87

AMERAD HESS CORPORATION**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel****MSDS No. 9908**

WARNING: the burning of any hydrocarbon as a fuel in an area without adequate ventilation may result in hazardous levels of combustion products, including carbon monoxide, and inadequate oxygen levels, which may cause unconsciousness, suffocation, and death.

CHRONIC EFFECTS and CARCINOGENICITY

Similar products produced skin cancer and systemic toxicity in laboratory animals following repeated applications. The significance of these results to human exposures has not been determined - see Section 11 Toxicological Information.

IARC classifies whole diesel fuel exhaust particulates as probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). NIOSH regards whole diesel fuel exhaust particulates as a potential cause of occupational lung cancer based on animal studies and limited evidence in humans.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

Irritation from skin exposure may aggravate existing open wounds, skin disorders, and dermatitis (rash).

4. FIRST AID MEASURES (rev. Feb-98)**EYES**

In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush with clean, low-pressure water for at least 15 min. Hold eyelids open to ensure adequate flushing. Seek medical attention.

SKIN

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated areas thoroughly with soap and water or waterless hand cleanser. Obtain medical attention if irritation or redness develops.

INGESTION

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give liquids. Obtain immediate medical attention. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Monitor for breathing difficulties. Small amounts of material which enter the mouth should be rinsed out until the taste is dissipated.

INHALATION

Remove person to fresh air. If person is not breathing provide artificial respiration. If necessary, provide additional oxygen once breathing is restored if trained to do so. Seek medical attention immediately.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES (rev. Oct-96)**FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES:**

FLASH POINT:	> 125 °F (> 52 °C) minimum PMCC
AUTOIGNITION POINT:	494 °F (257 °C)
OSHA/NFPA FLAMMABILITY CLASS:	2 (COMBUSTIBLE) (see Section 14 for transportation classification).
LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (%):	0.6
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (%):	7.5

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Vapors may be ignited rapidly when exposed to heat, spark, open flame or other source of ignition. When mixed with air and exposed to an ignition source, flammable vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, vapors may travel long distances to an ignition source and flash back. Runoff to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

SMALL FIRES: Any extinguisher suitable for Class B fires, dry chemical, CO2, water spray, fire fighting foam, or Halon.

LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or fire fighting foam. Water may be ineffective for fighting the fire, but may be used to cool fire-exposed containers.

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Page 005

AMERAD HESS CORPORATION**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel****MSDS No. 9908****FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS**

Small fires in the incipient (beginning) stage may typically be extinguished using handheld portable fire extinguishers and other fire fighting equipment.

Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat, smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH/MSHA- approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing.

Isolate area around container involved in fire. Cool tanks, shells, and containers exposed to fire and excessive heat with water. For massive fires the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to further minimize personnel exposure. Major fires may require withdrawal, allowing the tank to burn. Large storage tank fires typically require specially trained personnel and equipment to extinguish the fire, often including the need for properly applied fire fighting foam.

See Section 16 for the NFPA 704 Hazard Rating.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (rev. Feb-98)

ACTIVATE FACILITY'S SPILL CONTINGENCY OR EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN.

Evacuate nonessential personnel and remove or secure all ignition sources. Consider wind direction; stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Evaluate the direction of product travel, diking, sewers, etc. to confirm spill areas. Spills may infiltrate subsurface soil and groundwater; professional assistance may be necessary to determine the extent of subsurface impact.

Carefully contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so. Protect bodies of water by diking, absorbents, or absorbent boom, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material. The use of fire fighting foam may be useful in certain situations to reduce vapors. The proper use of water spray may effectively disperse product vapors or the liquid itself, preventing contact with ignition sources or areas/equipment that require protection.

Take up with sand or other oil absorbing materials. Carefully shovel, scoop or sweep up into a waste container for reclamation or disposal - caution, flammable vapors may accumulate in closed containers. Response and clean-up crews must be properly trained and must utilize proper protective equipment (see Section 8).

7. HANDLING and STORAGE (rev. Feb-98)**HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

Handle as a combustible liquid. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame! Electrical equipment should be approved for classified area. Bond and ground containers during product transfer to reduce the possibility of static-initiated fire or explosion.

Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such as this product) - see API Publication 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out Of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents."

STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved vented containers. Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose such containers to sources of ignition.

Store in a well-ventilated area. This storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". Avoid storage near incompatible materials. The cleaning of tanks previously containing this product should follow API Recommended Practice (RP) 2013 "Cleaning Mobile Tanks In Flammable and Combustible Liquid Service" and API RP 2015 "Cleaning Petroleum Storage Tanks".

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Revision Date: 9/3/98

FEB 07 '00 16:35

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7327507175

Page 3 of 17

PAGE 05

AMERAD HESS CORPORATION**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel****MSDS No. 9908**

Emergency eye wash capability should be available in the near proximity to operations presenting a potential splash exposure. Use good personal hygiene practices. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Do not use as a cleaning solvent on the skin. Do not use solvents or harsh abrasive skin cleaners for washing this product from exposed skin areas. Waterless hand cleaners are effective. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use care when laundering to prevent the formation of flammable vapors which could ignite via washer or dryer. Consider the need to discard contaminated leather shoes and gloves.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS and PERSONAL PROTECTION (rev. Feb-98)**ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Use adequate ventilation to keep vapor concentrations of this product below occupational exposure and flammability limits, particularly in confined spaces.

EYE/FACE PROTECTION

Safety glasses or goggles are recommended where there is a possibility of splashing or spraying.

SKIN PROTECTION

Gloves constructed of nitrile, neoprene, or PVC are recommended. Chemical protective clothing such as of E.I. DuPont TyChem®, Saranex® or equivalent recommended based on degree of exposure. Note: The resistance of specific material may vary from product to product as well as with degree of exposure. Consult manufacturer specifications for further information.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

A NIOSH/MSHA-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are or may be expected to exceed exposure limits or for odor or irritation. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2-1992, NIOSH Respirator Decision Logic, and the manufacturer for additional guidance on respiratory protection selection.

Use a positive pressure, air-supplied respirator if there is a potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, in oxygen-deficient atmospheres, or any other circumstance where an air-purifying respirator may not provide adequate protection.

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (rev. Jan-94)**APPEARANCE**

Red or reddish-colored (dyed) liquid

ODOR

Mild, petroleum distillate odor

BASIC PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE:	320 to 690 °F (160 to 366 °C)
VAPOR PRESSURE:	0.009 psia @ 70 °F (21 °C)
VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1):	> 1.0
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H₂O = 1):	0.83 to 0.86 @ 60 °F (16 °C)
PERCENT VOLATILES:	100 %
EVAPORATION RATE:	Slow; varies with conditions
SOLUBILITY (H₂O):	Negligible

AMERAD HESS CORPORATION**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel****MSDS No. 9908****10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY (rev. Jan-94)****STABILITY:** Stable**CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY)**

Material is stable under normal conditions. Avoid high temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding, smoking and other ignition sources.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Keep away from strong oxidizers, ignition sources and heat; Viton ® ; Fluorel ®

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and non-combusted hydrocarbons (smoke).

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

11. TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES (rev. Feb-98)**ACUTE TOXICITY**

Acute dermal LD50 (rabbits): > 5 ml/kg

Acute oral LD50 (rats): 9 ml/kg

Primary dermal irritation: extremely irritating (rabbits)

Draize eye irritation: non-irritating (rabbits)

Guinea pig sensitization: negative

CHRONIC EFFECTS AND CARCINOGENICITY

Carcinogenic: OSHA: NO

IARC: YES - 2BNTP: NO

ACGIH: 1997 NOIC: A3

Studies have shown that similar products produce skin tumors in laboratory animals following repeated applications without washing or removal. The significance of this finding to human exposure has not been determined. Other studies with active skin carcinogens have shown that washing the animal's skin with soap and water between applications reduced tumor formation.

MUTAGENICITY (genetic effects)

This material has been positive in a mutagenicity study.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (rev. Feb-98)

Keep out of sewers, drainage areas, and waterways. Report spills and releases, as applicable, under Federal and State regulations.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (rev. Feb-98)

Consult federal, state and local waste regulations to determine appropriate disposal options.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION (rev. Feb-98)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:

DIESEL FUEL

HAZARD CLASS and PACKING GROUP:

3, PG III

DOT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER:

NA 1993

DOT SHIPPING LABEL:

NONE

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION (rev. Feb-98)**U.S. FEDERAL, STATE, and LOCAL REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This product and its constituents listed herein are on the EPA TSCA Inventory. Any spill or uncontrolled release of this product, including any substantial threat of release, may be subject to federal, state and/or local reporting requirements. This product and/or its constituents may also be subject to other regulations at the state and/or local level. Consult those regulations applicable to your facility/operation.

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Page 000

AMERAD HESS CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel
MSDS No. 9908

CLEAN WATER ACT (OIL SPILLS)

Any spill or release of this product to "navigable waters" (essentially any surface water, including certain wetlands) or adjoining shorelines sufficient to cause a visible sheen or deposit of a sludge or emulsion must be reported immediately to the National Response Center (1-800-424-8802) or, if not practical, the U.S. Coast Guard with follow-up to the National Response Center, as required by U.S. Federal Law. Also contact appropriate state and local regulatory agencies as required.

CERCLA SECTION 103 and SARA SECTION 304 (RELEASE TO THE ENVIRONMENT)

The CERCLA definition of hazardous substances contains a "petroleum exclusion" clause which exempts crude oil, refined, and unrefined petroleum products and any indigenous components of such. However, other federal reporting requirements (e.g., SARA Section 304 as well as the Clean Water Act if the spill occurs on navigable waters) may still apply.

SARA SECTION 311/312 - HAZARD CLASSES

<u>ACUTE HEALTH</u>	<u>CHRONIC HEALTH</u>	<u>FIRE</u>	<u>SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE</u>	<u>REACTIVE</u>
X	X	X	-	-

SARA SECTION 313 - SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

This product does not contain toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

CANADIAN REGULATORY INFORMATION (WHMIS)

Class B, Division 3 (Combustible Liquid) and Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B (Toxic by other means)

16. OTHER INFORMATION (rev. Feb-98)

<u>NFPA® HAZARD RATING</u>	HEALTH:	0	Negligible
	FIRE:	2	Moderate
	REACTIVITY:	0	Negligible

<u>HMIS® HAZARD RATING</u>	HEALTH:	1 *	Slight
	FIRE:	2	Moderate
	REACTIVITY:	0	Negligible
			* CHRONIC

SUPERSEDES MSDS DATED: 02/18/98

ABBREVIATIONS:

AP = Approximately	< = Less than	> = Greater than
N/A = Not Applicable	N/D = Not Determined	ppm = parts per million

ACRONYMS:

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	IARC	International Agency For Research On Cancer
AIHA	American Industrial Hygiene Association	MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration
ANSI	American National Standards Institute (212) 642-4900	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association (617)770-3000
API	American Petroleum Institute (202) 682-8000	NIOSH	National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
CERCLA	Comprehensive Emergency Response, Compensation, and Liability Act	NOIC	Notice of Intended Change (proposed change to ACGIH TLV)
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation [General info: (800) 467-4922]	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	OPA	Oil Pollution Act of 1990
HMIS	Hazardous Materials Information System	OSHA	U.S. Occupational Safety & Health Administration
		PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit (OSHA)

Revision Date: 9/3/98

FEB 07 '00 16:37

Page 6 of 17

7327507175

PAGE 00

AMERADAHESSE CORPORATION

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Dyed Premium Diesel Fuel

MSDS No. 9908

RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act	TLV	Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH)
REL	Recommended Exposure Limit (NIOSH)	TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III	TWA	Time Weighted Average (8 hr.)
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus	WEEL	Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA)
SPCC	Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures	WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit (generally 15 minutes)		

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